

labelled with the name of the packer or first dealer, the description of the contents and the minimum weight, and the same provisions are to apply to imported canned fish. By c. 5, agricultural fertilizers must be registered with the Minister prior to sale in Canada, and their composition must be shown on the wrapper or invoice. C. 7 reduces the compensation to the owner of animals slaughtered in accordance with the Animal Contagious Diseases Act.

Trade and Commerce.—By c. 18, the value for duty of goods from a country whose currency is depreciated is to be the same as that on similar goods from the United Kingdom. Under c. 19, the Governor in Council may order that goods imported be stamped with the name of the country of origin. Settlers' effects—machines, vehicles and agricultural implements—are to be admitted duty free if the settler brings them with him into the country, but if admitted under this clause, must not be sold in Canada within one year of their entrance. C. 27 provides that retail druggists who have been licensed by the Minister of Customs and Excise may use spirits testing more than 50 p.c. above proof in preparing medicines, but must pay an excise duty of from \$2.40 to \$2.43 per gallon and increasing in proportion to their percentage above proof.

By c. 8, the Bankruptcy Act is amended. The trustee is legally responsible for the verification of the debtor's statement. The trustee's plan for a composition of the debts is binding upon all the creditors if it has been approved by a majority of them holding two-thirds of the debts and sanctioned by the Court.

Currency.—By c. 17 the millesimal fineness of silver coins is changed from 4 to 6.

National Defence.—C. 34 charges the Minister of National Defence with all matters relating to defence, including the Militia and the Military, Naval and Air Services of Canada. C. 44 makes corresponding changes in the Salaries and the Senate and House of Commons Acts. The Air Board Act is amended by c. 6, which provides for compensation for death or injury suffered while flying in the public service of Canada.

Elections.—By c. 20, change of residence within two months of a general election is not to be taken as a disqualification from voting. The voter may cast his vote at the place where his name is listed. By c. 26, on the application of an Indian or of his band in his behalf, two officers of the Department of Indian Affairs and one member of the Indian's band are to decide upon his fitness for enfranchisement.

External Affairs.—C. 49 gives authority to the Governor in Council to do whatever is necessary toward carrying out the provisions of the treaties of peace with Hungary and Turkey.

Fisheries.—C. 23 makes it an offence to leave a Canadian port in order to fish for salmon or lobsters beyond territorial waters except under license from the Minister. C. 24 provides for license fees for salmon curing stations, and in British Columbia for herring dry-salting establishments.

Health.—C. 13 gives the Canadian Red Cross Society the powers of a corporation, but compels it to furnish an annual report to the Ministers of Health and of National Defence, subject to an audit by the latter Department. By the amendments to the Opium and Narcotic Drug Act under C. 36, no drugs falling under these classes are to be sold to any but practising physicians, dentists, veterinary surgeons, and druggists, and then only upon written order. No prescriptions are to be for any but medicinal uses and none are to be filled the second time. Convicted aliens are subject to deportation.